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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/601,170	06/20/2003	Andy Peichl	7781.0083-00	7610	
22852 7590 06/26/2008 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			EXAMINER		
LLP	ŕ	WONG, ERIC TAK WAI			
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3693		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/26/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/601,170	PEICHL ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	ERIC T. WONG	3693						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress					
THE REPLY FILED <u>06 June 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	THE REPLY FILED <u>06 June 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit al (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, www. with 37 CFR 41.31; or	which places the r (3) a Request					
a) \boxtimes The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.							
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Arno event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	on.					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee be action; or (2) as					
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complifiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the						
	out prior to the data of filing a brief	will not be entered be						
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better the content of the conte	isideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);						
appeal; and/or	тррош и у	gpyg						
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (l	PTOL-324).					
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):								
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all- non-allowable claim(s). 	owable if submitted in a separate, t	imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of					
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:								
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
 AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 								
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a					
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.					
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See attachment.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:					
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)							
/James A. Kramer/	/ERIC T. WONG/							
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3693	Examiner, Art Unit 3693							

Applicant's arguments filed 6/6/2008 have been considered but are not persuasive.

In regards to the rejections of claims 1, 2, 4, 6-10 and 13-33 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), Applicant argues that the proposed combination of Haines and Ross would not have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention because the modification would change the principle of operation of the prior art invention being modified. Examiner disagrees. Modifying the budgeting system of Haines to budget for human resources would not change its principle operation, as the system would still be allocating and monitoring a budget. The modification would merely be applying a known technique to a known method ready for improvement to yield predictable results with an expectation of success. Applicant further argues that one of ordinary skill in the art would have no reason to make the combination since a consumer would have no reason to monitor a human resource budget. A recitation of intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

In regards to the rejection of claim 3 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), Applicant argues that there would be no reason to combine the securing, integrating, and manipulating of employee payroll and human resource information of Williams into the budgeting system of Haines. Examiner disagrees. As discussed above, the combination of Haines and Ross would accomplish allocation and monitoring of a human resource budget. Williams teaches an error handling module to ensure correctness in formulating a payoll. It would have been obvious to combine the error handling module of Williams with the human resource budgeting system to ensure that portions of the budget spent are indeed correct, which, in turn, ensures that the remaining budget is also accurate.

In regards to the rejection of claim 5 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), Applicant argues that the Official Notice fails to overcome the deficiencies of Haines in view of Ross because it only provides calculating an employee salary. Examiner reasserts that the Official Notice meets the limitation of claim 5, which merely recites "calculating an individual employee salary based on said retrieved human resource data."

In regards to the rejection of claims 11 and 12 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), Applicant argues that there would be no reason to combine features of Thaler-Carter with the budgeting system of Haines. Examiner disagrees. Thaler-Carter discusses a model for defining a cost-per-hire for employee positions. This model would be useful for determining the costs of various positions in a human resource budget, allowing for the department to achieve increased budgeting accuracy.